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(11) EP 0 798 124 A2

(12) EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
01.10.1997 Bulletin 1997/40

(51) Int Cl.⁶: B41J 13/00

(21) Application number: 97302210.6

(22) Date of filing: 01.04.1997

(84) Designated Contracting States:
DE FR GB IT

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(30) Priority: 29.03.1996 KR 9609225

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(54) Paper pick-up method of an image forming apparatus

(57) A paper re-pick-up method for an image forming apparatus is described in which, if an initial attempt at paper pick-up is unsuccessful, the paper pick-up is re-tried automatically a predetermined number of times. The number of re-tries is determined by decrementing a re-try counter.

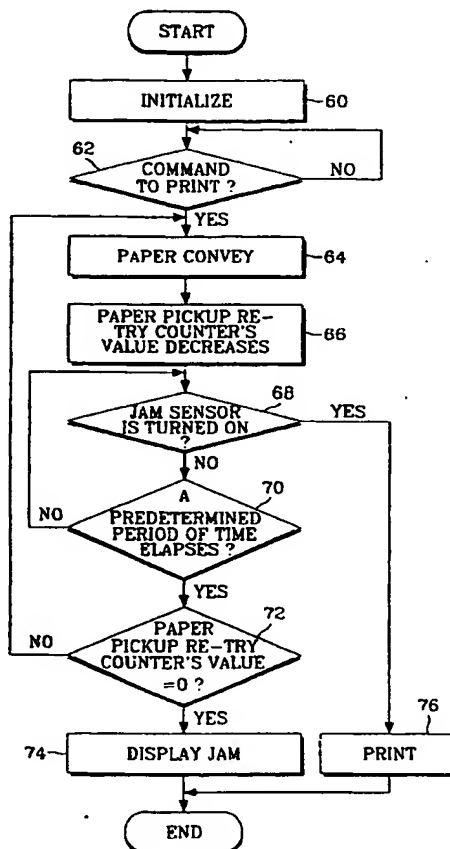


FIG. 4

Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a paper pick-up method of an image forming apparatus with an automatic paper feeding unit.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of the internals of a laser beam printer equipped with an automatic paper feeding unit. An automatic paper feeding unit 10 is loaded with printing papers and feeds printing papers to a developing unit 16 one sheet at a time. The automatic paper feeding unit 10 includes a paper cassette holding the printing papers, a paper pick-up roller for picking up the printing papers stacked in the paper cassette, a paper pick-up clutch for controlling the paper pick-up roller and a sensor for monitoring whether or not there are printing papers in the paper cassette.

A paper jam sensor 12 senses whether or not the printing papers are normally picked up from the paper cassette. The picked-up printing papers are conveyed to a developing unit 16 by a register roller 14. The developing unit 16 creates a toner image. A paper fixing roller 18 fixes the toner image onto the printing papers by heat and pressure and a paper delivery roller 20 discharges the printing papers to a top output tray.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a conventional laser beam printer, which includes an image control unit 22, a print engine 32 and operation panel equipment (OPE) 30. The image control unit 22 consists of a computer interface 24, an image central processing unit (CPU) 26 and a print interface 28. The computer interface 24 is connected between a host computer and an image CPU 26 to interface input/output signals between the printer and the computer. The image CPU 26 has a read only memory (ROM) which stores a control program and a random access memory (RAM) that temporarily stores data produced by the host computer and the OPE 30.

The image CPU 26 converts input data from the computer interface 24 to corresponding image data so that it can be processed by the print engine 32 according to a predetermined program, and then sends the converted image data into the print engine 32. The print interface 28 interfaces input/output (I/O) signals to and from the printer interface 32 under the control of the image CPU 26. The OPE 30 includes a set of keys by which commands can be entered into the printer and a display that displays status information during the printing operation.

The print engine 32 includes an image interface 34, an engine central processing unit (CPU) 36, an input/output (I/O) interface 38, a sensing circuit 40, a facility driver 42 and a developing unit 44, and is connected to the image control unit 22. The image interface 34 links the image control unit 22 with engine CPU 36. The engine CPU 36 has control over the facility driver 42 and the developing unit 44, and is itself under the control of the image CPU 26 so that it prints out an image corre-

sponding to the image data received from image control unit 22.

The engine CPU 36 also checks for faults in the operation of the print engine 32 (such as paper feeding, paper conveyance, etc.) through the sensing circuit 40. The sensing circuit 40 controls sensors which monitor the operating state of each of the components, the paper conveyance state and the amount of toner, and transmits the output signals from the sensors to the engine CPU 36. The facility driver 42 actuates various operating components of the laser beam printer used for paper feeding, paper conveyance and printing operations. The developing unit 44 prints images corresponding to the image information under the control of the engine CPU 36.

FIG. 3 is a flow chart of the control process of the automatic paper feeding system for a conventional laser beam printer. Once power is applied to the laser beam printer, the engine CPU 36 performs step 46 that initializes each component of the print engine 32. The engine CPU 36 detects at step 48 whether a command to print is transmitted from the image control unit 22. The engine CPU 36 performs Step 50 if the command to print is transmitted; otherwise, it performs step 48.

The engine CPU 36 then carries out step 50, a series of paper conveyance procedures. The papers conveyance procedure is as follows: actuating the main motor; actuating the paper pick-up clutch; operating the paper pick-up roller; and operating the register roller. The engine CPU 36 operates a main motor which powers each roller in the laser beam printer. When the main motor operates, the engine CPU 36 actuates the paper pick-up clutch so as to supply the paper pick-up roller with the power from the main motor.

The paper pick-up roller contacts the uppermost sheet of printing papers in the paper cassette. As the paper pick-up roller operates, the uppermost sheet of printing paper is fed into the laser beam printer by friction between the printing paper and the paper pick-up roller. The printing paper is to the developing unit 16 by the register roller 14, which is driven by the main motor. A paper jam sensor 12 monitors the passage of the printing papers to detect whether the printing paper is normally delivered to the register roller 14 from the paper feeding unit 10. When the printing paper is normally delivered to the register roller 14, the paper jam sensor 12 forms a closed circuit.

When the paper conveyance procedure starts, the engine CPU 36 performs step 52. The engine CPU 36 determines at step 52 whether if the paper jam sensor 12 is closed. The engine CPU 36 performs step 58 provided the paper jam sensor 12 is turned on; otherwise, it performs step 54. The engine CPU 36 actuates the developing unit 16 and the paper fixing roller 18 so as to print on the printing papers an image supplied by the image control unit 22.

The engine CPU 36 determines at step 54 whether a predetermined period of time has elapsed since the

paper conveyance started. This predetermined period of time is the time it takes to convey the printing papers picked up from the paper feeding unit 10 to the paper jam sensor 12. The engine CPU 36 goes to step 56 if the predetermined period of time elapses; otherwise, it repeats step 52. Engine CPU 36 sends a signal indicating the occurrence of the paper jam to the OPE 30, and OPE 30 displays a message informing the user of the jam.

The paper jam may be caused by abrasion of the paper pick-up roller, instantaneous malfunction of the paper pick-up clutch, and the like. Conventionally, the pick-up operation is repeated by a user entering the relevant instruction through the keyboard.

It is an objective of the present invention to improve upon this conventional approach.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, the present invention consists of a paper pick-up method of an image forming apparatus including an automatic paper feeding unit comprising commencing a paper pick-up operation to pick up a sheet of printing paper from the automatic paper feeding unit, checking whether or not the sheet of paper has been picked up normally and, if not, automatically retrying the paper pick-up operation.

Preferably, the sheet of printing paper is the uppermost sheet. The checking may comprise checking whether or not a jam sensor of the image forming apparatus detects the presence of picked up paper, if not, checking whether or not a predetermined length of time has elapsed after the commencement of the paper pick-up operation and, if so, checking again whether or not the jam sensor detects the presence of picked up paper to detect whether the sheet of paper has been picked up normally.

The method may further comprise reading a paper pick-up re-try number from a memory of the image forming apparatus and storing the number in a paper pick-up re-try counter, if the sheet of paper has not been picked up normally, checking whether the paper pick-up re-try counter is zero, if not, decreasing the paper pick-up re-try counter and automatically retrying the paper pick-up operation, but if so, manifesting the occurrence of a paper jam.

The method may comprise performing a printing operation if the sheet of paper has been picked up normally.

The method may also comprise decreasing the initial value stored in said paper pick-up re-try counter when a print command is received.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a laser beam printer equipped with an automatic paper feeding unit; FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a conventional laser beam printer;

FIG. 3 is a flow chart of the control sequence of an automatic paper feeding system of the conventional laser beam printer; and

FIG. 4 is a flow chart of the control sequence of a paper feeding system that automatically re-attempts to feed the printing papers following a paper jam in accordance with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As can be seen from FIG. 4, once power is applied to the laser beam printer, an engine central processing unit (CPU) 36 carries out step 60. When the engine CPU 36 performs step 60, each part of the print engine 32 is initialized. When the initialization is complete, the engine CPU 36 proceeds to step 62.

The engine CPU 36 includes a memory for storing data relating to the number of paper pick-up re-tries. The engine CPU 36 reads the number of paper pick-up re-tries and records the value in a paper pick-up re-try counter. Once the data has been recorded, the engine CPU 36 checks for a print command transmitted from the image control unit 22. If a command to print is transmitted from the image control unit 22, the engine CPU 36 proceeds to step 64; otherwise, the engine CPU 36 carries out step 62.

The engine CPU 36, at step 64, allows the printing papers to be delivered according to a predetermined paper conveyance procedure. Once the paper conveyance procedure starts, the engine CPU 36 decrements the paper pick-up re-try counter. The value stored in the paper pick-up re-try counter is the desired number attempts at paper pick-up. When the paper pick-up re-try counter is reduced to zero, the engine CPU 36 goes to step 68. The engine CPU 36 checks whether a jam sensor 12 is in a closed position. When the jam sensor 12 is closed, the engine CPU 36 goes to step 76. If the jam sensor 12 remains open, the engine CPU 36 goes to Step 70.

At step 70, the engine CPU 36 checks whether a predetermined length of time has elapsed, where the predetermined length of time is the time it takes to move the printing papers from the paper feeding unit to the jam sensor 12. Once the predetermined period of time elapses, the engine CPU 36 goes to step 72; otherwise, it returns to step 68. At step 72, the engine CPU 36 checks whether the paper pick-up re-try counter is zero. When the paper pick-up re-try counter is zero, the engine CPU 36 goes to step 74. If the paper pick-up re-try counter is not zero, the engine CPU 36 returns to step 64 and re-attempts to pick-up the paper.

If the jam sensor 12 is not closed within a predetermined period of time, even if the paper conveyance pro-

cedure is carried out, the paper pick-up re-try counter is reduced and the paper conveyance procedure is performed again so as to re-attempt to pick up the paper.

In the event of unsuccessful paper pick-up, the engine CPU 36 sends a signal indicating a paper jam to the image control unit 22. The image CPU 26 reads a message indicating a paper jam from random access memory. When completed, the image CPU 26 transmits an error message indicating a paper jam to the OPE 30. The OPE 30 displays the error message so as to inform the user of the jam occurrence.

When paper pick-up is not performed normally even when the paper pick-up re-try counter is zero, i.e. several paper pick-up re-attempts have been carried out, the engine CPU 36 determines that a paper jam has occurred. The engine CPU 36 is designed to operate a developing unit 16 and a paper fixing roller 18 so as to print an image corresponding to image data from the image control unit 22 on paper.

As described above, according to the present invention, when a paper pick-up operation is unsuccessful, paper pick-up is automatically re-attempted, thus solving paper jam problems that may result from abrasion of the paper pick-up roller, instantaneous malfunction of the paper pick-up clutch and the like.

Claims

1. A paper pick-up method of an image forming apparatus including an automatic paper feeding unit comprising:

commencing a paper pick-up operation to pick up a sheet of printing paper from the automatic paper feeding unit;
checking whether or not the sheet of paper has been picked up normally; and
if not, automatically retrying the paper pick-up operation.

2. A method according to claim 1 in which the sheet of printing paper is the uppermost sheet.

3. A method according to claim 1 or claim 2 in which the checking comprises:

checking whether or not a jam sensor of the image forming apparatus detects the presence of picked up paper;
if not, checking whether or not a predetermined length of time has elapsed after the commencement of the paper pick-up operation; and
if so, checking again whether or not the jam sensor detects the presence of picked up paper to detect whether the sheet of paper has been picked up normally.

4. A method according to any one of claims 1-3 comprising:

reading a paper pick-up re-try number from a memory of the image forming apparatus and storing the number in a paper pick-up re-try counter;
if the sheet of paper has not been picked up normally, checking whether the paper pick-up re-try counter is zero;
if not, decreasing the paper pick-up re-try counter and automatically retrying the paper pick-up operation;
but if so, manifesting the occurrence of a paper jam.

5. A method according to claim 4 further comprising performing a printing operation if the sheet of paper has been picked up normally.

6. A method according to claim 5 further comprising: decreasing the initial value stored in said paper pick-up re-try counter when a print command is received.

7. A paper pick-up method of an image forming apparatus as described with reference to and/or as illustrated in FIG. 4 of the accompanying drawings.

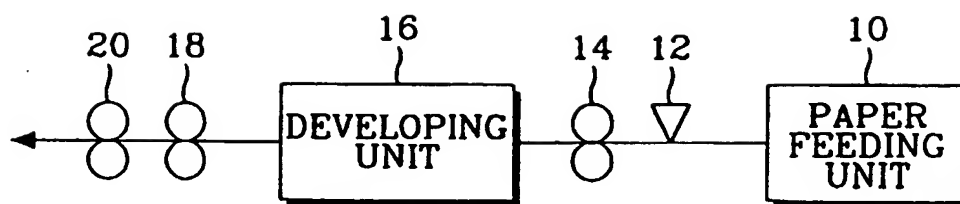


FIG. 1

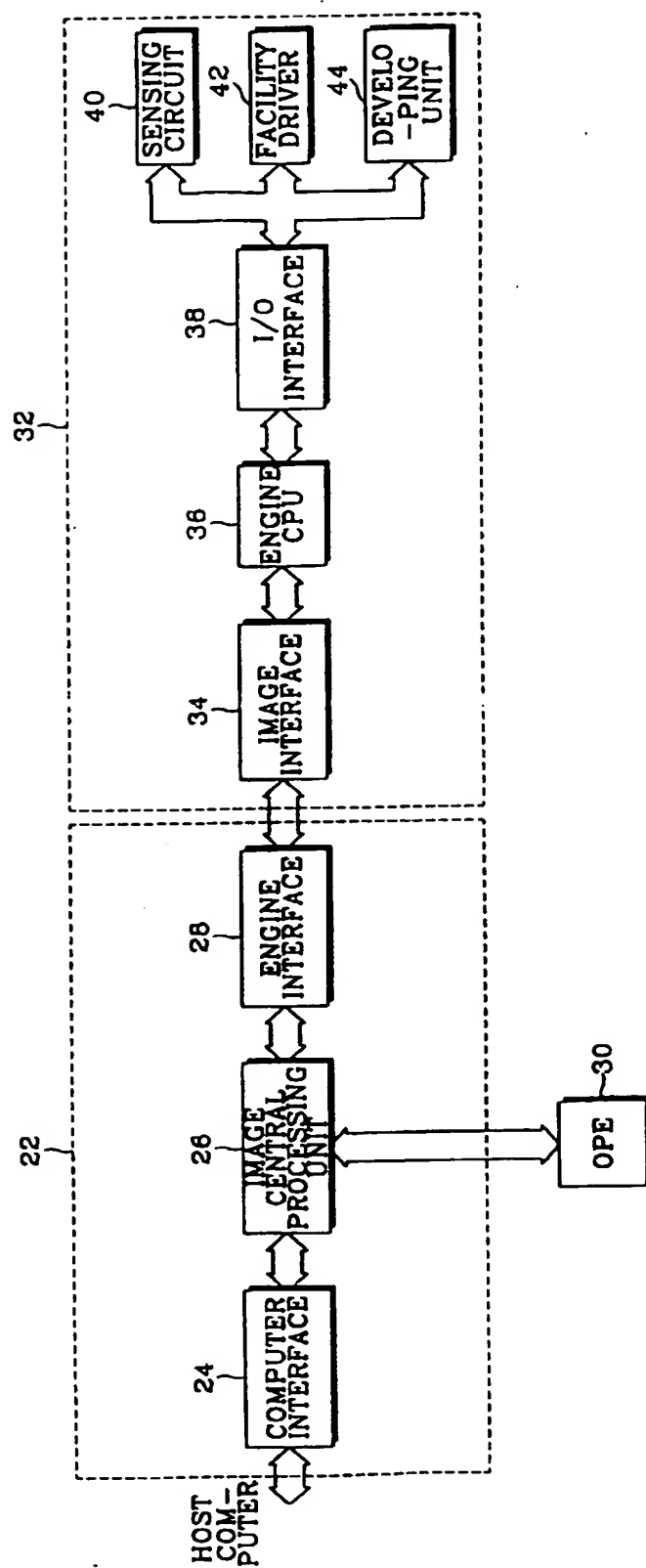


FIG. 2

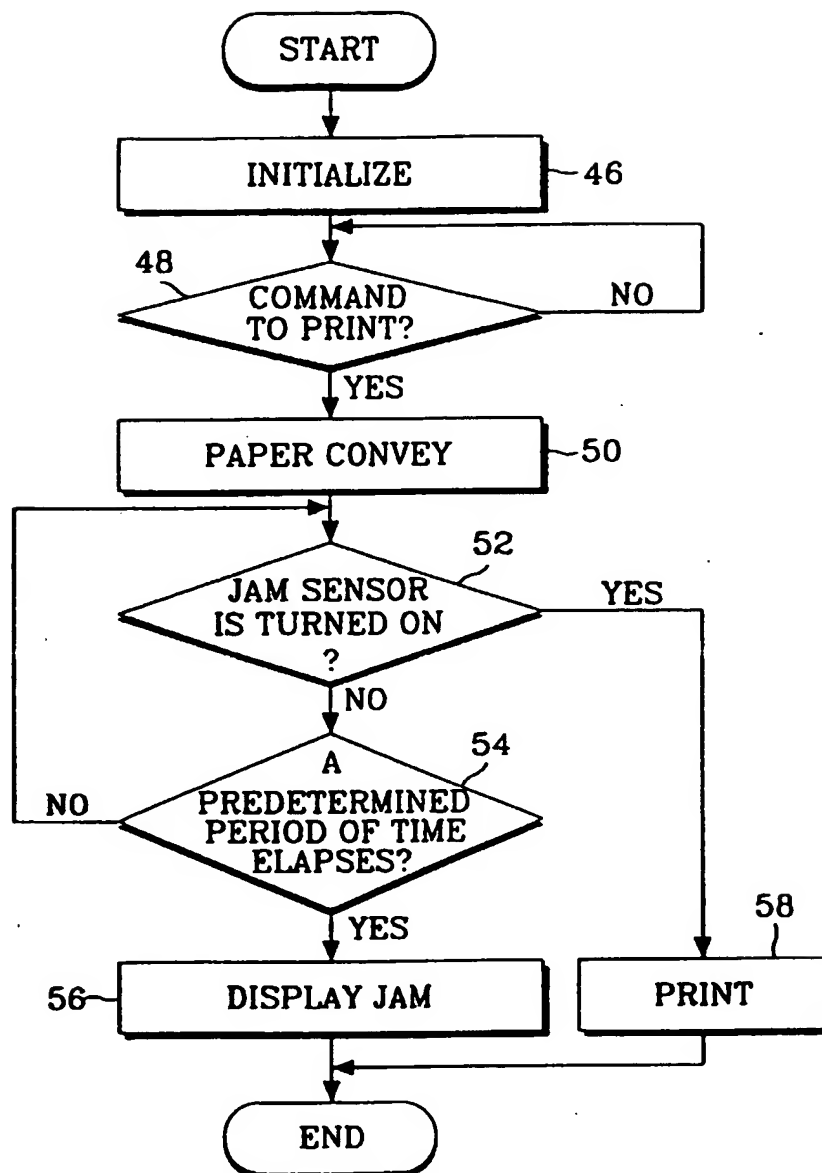


FIG. 3

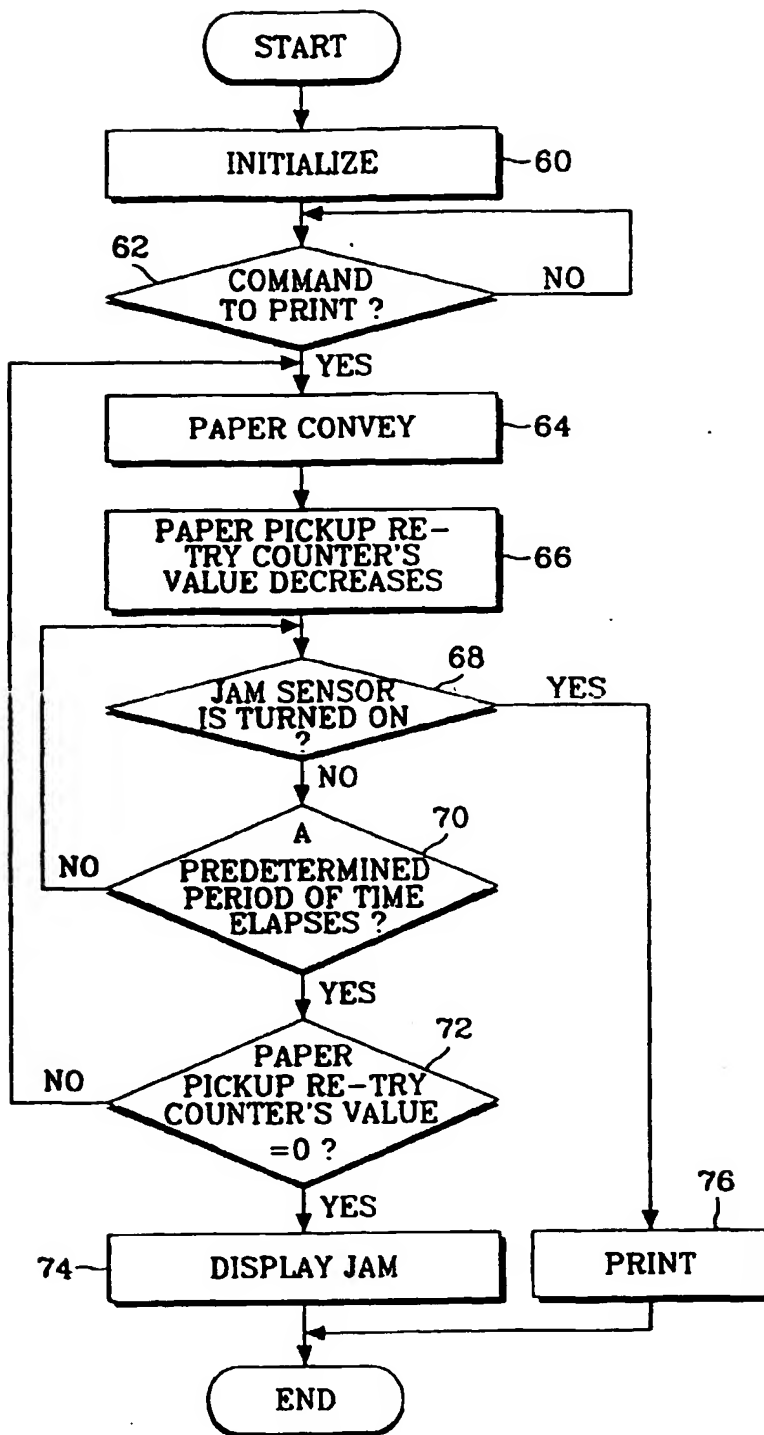


FIG. 4